UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of Virginia					
United States of America v. Eduardo Nicolas Alvear Gonzalez Defendant)) Case No. 2:21mj48)				
ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL					
Part I - Eligibility for Detention					
Upon the					
☐ Motion of the Government attorney pursua☑ Motion of the Government or Court's own					
the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i).	is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fac, in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.				
Part II - Findings of Fact and La	w as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)				
A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S. presumption that no condition or combination of cond and the community because the following conditions	ditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person				
(1) the defendant is charged with one of the foliation (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum (b) an offense for which the maximum so (c) an offense for which a maximum term Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§	ollowing crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or				
(d) any felony if such person has been co (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two	onvicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal				
(iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) (2) the defendant has previously been convicted.	a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; <i>and</i> ed of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.				
to Federal jurisdiction had existed; <i>and</i> (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) abo	would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise we for which the defendant has been convicted was e pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and				

(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

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B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a			
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the			
defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant			
committed one or more of the following offenses:			
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the			
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);			
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;			
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;			
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or			
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245,			
2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.			
C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above			
☐ The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is			
ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)			
OR			
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the			
presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.			
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Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention			
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Significant family or other ties outside the United States
Lack of legal status in the United States
☐ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
Prior failure to appear in court as ordered
Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
Use of alias(es) or false documents
□ Background information unknown or unverified
Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release
OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:
The Court stated the reasons for detention at the hearing and the record is available for review in the event of an appeal. The Defendant, a California resident, was charged in the District of Columbia by criminal information with entering and remaining in a restricted building or grounds, disorderly and disruptive conduct in a restricted building or grounds, disorderly conduct in a Capitol building, and parading, demonstrating, or picketing in a Capitol building. The basis for the charges against Defendant is his alleged participation in the assault on the Capitol building on January 6, 2021. According to the Government's proffer, Defendant was part of the mob that invaded the Capitol in attempt to disrupt Congress' certification of the electoral college vote. Defendant is alleged to have livestreamed his participation, including using and distributing marijuana to other participants. Afterwards, he is alleged to have avoided returning to California to escape law enforcement, whom he believed was looking for him. He purportedly fled to Virginia Beach where he was arrested by the FBI. Prior to his arrest, he is alleged to have hidden from a police officer who came to the apartment where he was staying, then later that night broadcast over the internet how he had avoided the police by hiding in a closet. He also is alleged to have broadcasted that he had an escape plan to avoid capture. During his many livestream broadcasts following January 6, Defendant is alleged to have celebrated the Capitol attack and profanely described his participation in it, trumpted Qanon conspiracy theories, and issued entreaties for further insurrection and revolt. Defendant has no criminal history, but no ties to Virginia or the District of Columbia, nor apparently any permanent address in California. His only employment involves his internet broadcasts. He proposed JM, the person with whom he had been staying in Virginia Beach, as a potential third party custodian, but JM is alleged to have lied to the police on his behalf the day
The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative
for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation

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with defense cou	nsel. On order of a court of the United Sta	ates or on request of an attorney f	or the Government, the
person in charge	of the corrections facility must deliver the d	efendant to a United States Marsh	al for the purpose of an
appearance in con	nection with a court proceeding.		//
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Date:	02/12/2021	Lawrence R. Leonard	

United States Magistrate Judge